CLAIMS

- 1. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of targeted colony-forming immunogens in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, which method comprises:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with the particular targeted colony-forming immunogen:
- B. Allowing a period of time sufficient to permit the production in the bird of antibody to the targeted immunogen;
 - C. Harvesting the eggs laid by the birds;
- D. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said eggs from the shells;
 - E. Drving said separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 2. The method according to Claim 1 wherein: said colony-forming immunogen is one known to decrease an animal's ability to utilize dietary protein.
- 3. The method according to Claim 2 wherein: said colony-forming immunogen is from the class consisting of *P. anaerobius*, *C. sticklandii* and *C. aminophilium*.
- 4. The method according to Claim 1 wherein: said colony-forming immunogen is one known to cause food borne illness in humans.
- 5. The method according to Claim 4 wherein: said colony-forming immunogen is from the class consisting of *E. coli*, *Listeria*, *Salmonella* and *Campylobacter*.
- 6. The method of Claim 1 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.

- 7. The method of Claim 6 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.
- 8. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of a colony-forming immunogen in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, said immunogen is P antigen from *P. anaerobius*, which method comprises:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with P antigen from *P. anaerobius*;
- B. Allowing a period of time to permit the production in the birds and eggs laid by the birds of antibody to P antigen from <u>P. anaerobius</u>:
 - C. Harvesting the eggs laid by the birds:
- D. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said harvested eggs from the egg shells; and
 - E. Drying said antibody-containing contents.
- 9. The method of Claim 8 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 10. The method of Claim 9 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.
- 11. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of a colony-forming immunogen in the

rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, said immunogen is CS antigen from <u>C</u>. <u>sticklandii</u>, said method comprising:

- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with CS antigen from *C. sticklandii*;
- B. Allowing a period of time to permit the production in the birds and eggs laid by the birds of antibody to CS antigen from *C. sticklandii*;
 - C. Harvesting the eggs laid by the birds;
- D. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said harvested eggs from the egg shells; and
 - E. Drying said antibody-containing contents.
- 12. The method of Claim 11 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 13. The method of Claim 12 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.
- 14. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of a colony-forming immunogen in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, said immunogen is CA antigen from <u>C</u>. <u>aminophilium</u>, said method comprising:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with CA antigen from *C. aminophilium*;

- B. Allowing a period of time to permit the production in the birds and eggs laid by the birds of antibody to CA antigen from *C. aminophilium*:
 - C. Harvesting the eggs laid by the birds;
- D. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said harvested eggs from the egg shells; and
 - E. Drying said antibody-containing contents.
- 15. The method of Claim 14 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 16. The method of Claim 15 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.
- 17. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of a colony-forming immunogen in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, said immunogen is <u>E. coli</u> antigen from <u>E. coli</u>, said method comprising:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with the *E. coli* colony-forming immunogen;
- B. After a period of time to permit the production in the birds of antibody to the $\underline{E.\ coli}$ immunogen, harvesting the eggs laid by the birds:
- C. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said harvested eggs from the shells; and
 - D. Drying said separated egg antibody adherence inhibiting material.

- 18. The method of Claim 17 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 19. The method of Claim 18 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.
- 20. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of a colony-forming immunogen in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, said immunogen is *Listeria* antigen from *Listeria*, said method comprising:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with the *Listeria* colony-forming immunogen;
- B. After a period of time to permit the production in the birds of antibody to the *Listeria* immunogen, harvesting the eggs laid by the birds;
- C. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said harvested eggs from the shells; and
 - D. Drying said separated egg antibody adherence inhibiting material.
- 21. The method of Claim 20 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 22. The method of Claim 21 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.

- 23. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of a colony-forming immunogen in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, said immunogen is *Salmonella* antigen from *Salmonella*, said method comprising:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with the *Salmonella* colony-forming immunogen;
- B. After a period of time to permit the production in the birds of antibody to the <u>Salmonella</u> immunogen, harvesting the eggs laid by the birds:
- C. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said harvested eggs from the shells; and
 - D. Drying said separated egg antibody adherence inhibiting material.
- 24. The method of Claim 23 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 25. The method of Claim 24 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.
- 26. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of a colony-forming immunogen in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, said immunogen is <u>Campylohacter</u> antigen from <u>Campylohacter</u>, said method comprising:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with the <u>Campylobacter</u> colony-forming immunogen:

- B. After a period of time to permit the production in the birds of antibody to the *Campylobacter* immunogen, harvesting the eggs laid by the birds;
- C. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said harvested eggs from the shells; and
 - D. Drying said separated egg antibody adherence inhibiting material.
- 27. The method of Claim 26 including: providing a dry carrier material, said drying of the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs is achieved by coating the dry carrier material with the separated antibody-containing contents of said eggs.
- 28. The method of Claim 27 wherein: providing a dry feed carrier material from a group of materials including soybean hulls, rice hulls, corn, cottonseed hulls, distilled dried grains and beet pulp.
- 29. A method for the production of a microbial adherence inhibitor for administration to food animals to substantially prevent the adherence of targeted colony-forming immunogens in the rumen or intestinal tracts of said food animals, which method comprises:
- A. Inoculating female birds, in or about to reach their egg laying age, with the particular targeted colony-forming immunogen:
- B. Allowing a period of time sufficient to permit the production in the bird of antibody to the targeted immunogen;
 - C. Harvesting the eggs laid by the birds;
 - D. Separating the antibody-containing contents of said eggs from the shells;
 - E. Providing a dry carrier material; and
- F. Coating said dry carrier material with the antibody-containing contents of said eggs.

